

# **Your Rights**

### In a Federal Judiciary Workplace

Employees of the Federal Judiciary are protected by the employment rights listed below, as described in *Guide to Judiciary Policy*, Vol. 12, Ch. 2.

Employees have options for resolution, including Informal Advice, Assisted Resolution, and filing a Formal Complaint. Formal Complaints must be filed within 180 days of when the Employee knew or should have known of the alleged violation. More information, including a list of court EDR Coordinators, can be found https://www.scd.uscourts.gov/mediation/edr.asp.

Employees may confidentially report workplace discrimination, harassment, abusive behavior, or retaliation to the EDR Coordinator, Billie Goodman, 803-253-3491, Circuit Director of Workplace Relations, Leila Jabbar, 804-916-2181, or the Judicial Integrity Officer, Michael Henry, at 202-502-3957.

### Protection from Unlawful Discrimination

Prohibits discrimination in personnel actions based on race, color, sex, gender, gender identity, pregnancy, sexual orientation, religion, national origin, age (40+), or disability.

#### **Protection from Harassment**

Prohibits sexual harassment, discriminatory harassment, and abusive conduct.

## Protection for Exercising Workplace Rights

Prohibits intimidation, retaliation, or discrimination against employees who exercise their employment rights or report or oppose wrongful conduct, including whistleblower protection.

#### **Family and Medical Leave**

Provides rights and protections for employees needing leave for specified family and medical reasons.

# Protection for Veterans and Members of the Uniformed Services

Protects employees performing service in the uniformed services from discrimination and provides certain benefits and reemployment rights.

## **Notification of Office Closings and Mass Layoffs**

Under certain circumstances, requires that employees be notified of an office closing or of a mass layoff at least 60 days in advance of the event.

#### **Hazard-Free Workspaces**

Requires employing offices to comply with occupational safety and health standards, and provide workplaces free of recognized hazards.

#### **Polygraph Testing Prohibition**

Restricts the use and the results of polygraph testing.

These rights are fully explained in Guide to Judiciary Policy, Vol. 12, Ch. 2.